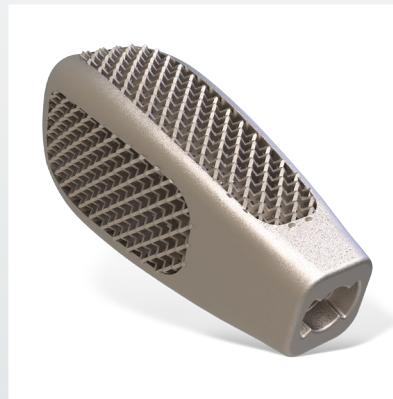
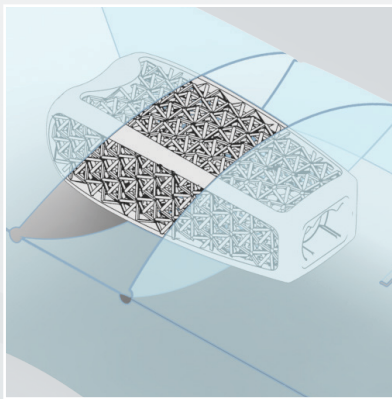
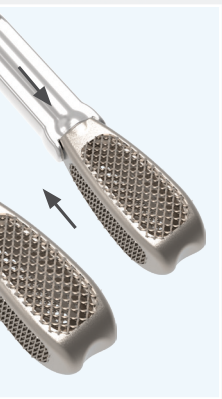




# Avenue<sup>®</sup>-P Ti

## Posterior Lumbar Straight 3D Printed Titanium Cage

Surgical Technique Guide





## Table of Contents

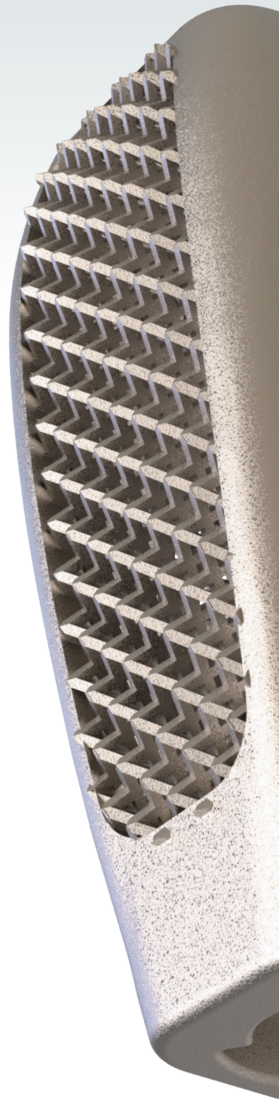
System Overview	4
Surgical Technique	5
Patient Positioning	5
Skin Incision	5
Disc Removal and Endplate Preparation	6
Implant Dimension Choice	6
Implant Packaging	7
Implant Preparation	7
Implant Reference Code	8
Cage Implantation	8
Implant Overview	9
Instrument Overview	10
Instructions for Use	12

ZimVie Spine does not practice medicine. This technique was developed in conjunction with health care professionals. This document is intended for surgeons and is not intended for laypersons. Animations and virtual reality are provided as a visual guide based on surgical techniques. Each surgeon should exercise his or her own independent judgment in the diagnosis and treatment of an individual patient, and this information does not purport to replace the comprehensive training surgeons have received. As with all surgical procedures, the technique used in each case will depend on the surgeon's medical judgment as the best treatment for each patient. Results will vary based on health, weight, activity and other variables. Not all patients are candidates for this product and/or procedure.



# Avenue®-P Ti

## Posterior Lumbar Straight Cage



### Features and Characteristics

#### Primary Stability

- The special “net” structure, obtained through additive manufacturing technology, is designed to provide strong primary fixation and to minimize implant migration risk.

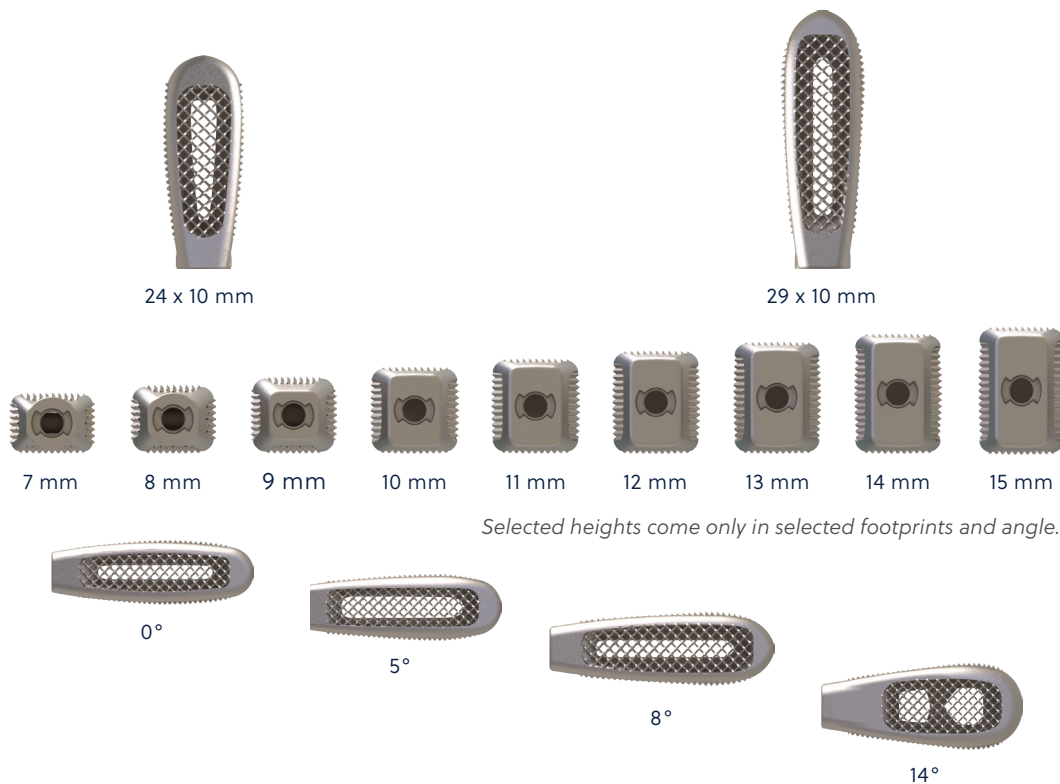
#### Wide Variety of Footprints, Heights, and Lordosis Angle

- One system intended to match patients’ natural anatomy and surgeons’ preferences.

#### Fusion Promotion

- Pore size of the net structure and the surface roughness of the implant edges intended to facilitate fast and effective osteo-integration. The elasticity modulus of the implant, similar to PEEK, is designed to be close to natural bone characteristics.

Avenue-P Ti is offered in 2 lengths, 9 heights, and with 4 lordosis angles:



*Selected heights come only in selected footprints and angle.*

*0° only available in 29 mm length. 8° optional in 29 mm length. 14° optional in both lengths.*

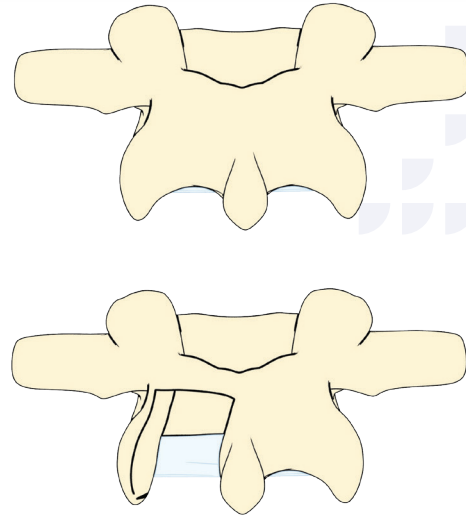
## Surgical Procedure



*Patient in prone position*

### Patient Positioning

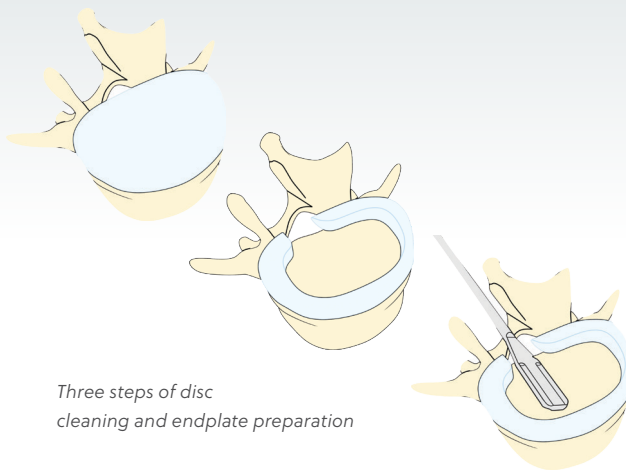
- Patient position should expose the spine level which is going to be addressed.
- Surgeons should evaluate the most appropriate position considering the surgical approach, decompression procedure, and fusion technique.
- For this surgical procedure, place the patient in prone position for Direct Posterior or Posterior Transforaminal approach to lower levels of the spine. Approach the required level following the known surgical technique.



*Skin incision procedure*

### Skin Incision

- Use fluoroscopy to verify the appropriate level of the spine.
- The skin incision should allow adequate approach to reach the targeted spine segment(s). Additional instruments like a vertebral distractor and soft tissue retractors may allow easier access to the required vertebral segment.
- To maintain proper vision of the surgical field a tissue retractor system is highly recommended. It is up to the surgeon to define and perform the soft tissue approach and bone decompression procedure. In some cases, specific patient positioning may be required.



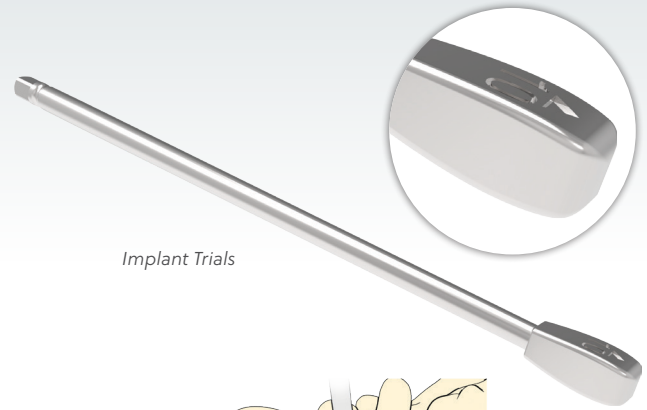
Three steps of disc cleaning and endplate preparation



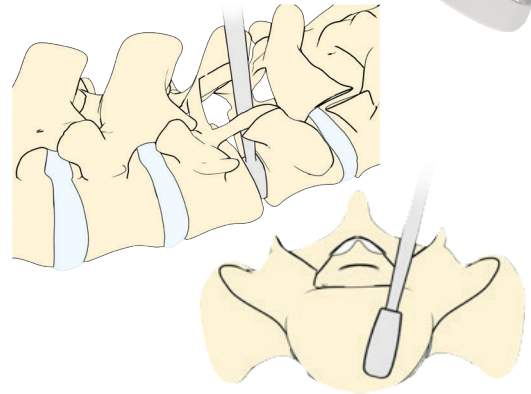
Shaver



Squared Curette



Implant Trials



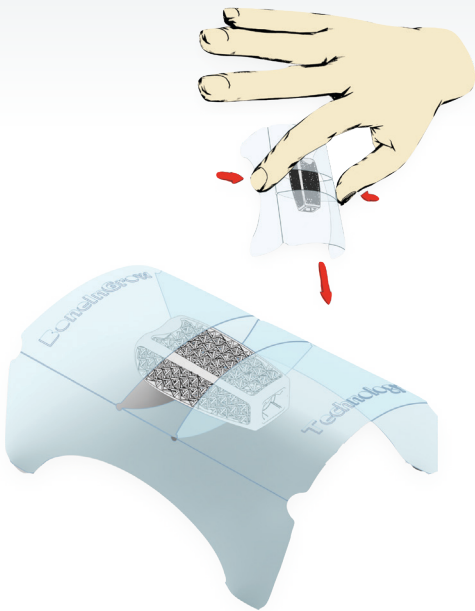
Graphic representation of Implant trialing

## Disc Removal / Endplate Preparation

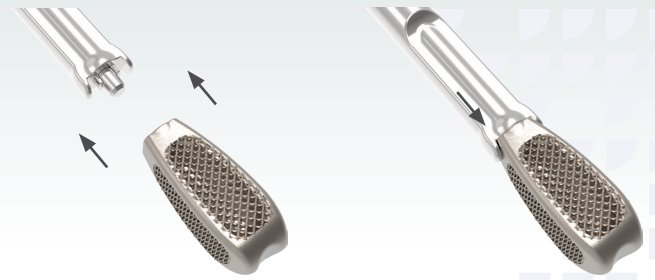
- The discectomy procedure should be performed using standard disc cleaning instruments. The choice of appropriate instruments depends on surgical approach, surgeons' preferences and projected results. Using Rasps (standard in the set with 1 mm increments) and One Side Squared Curette is recommended while cleaning the disc (removal of nucleus material) and when preparing the vertebral endplate in order to create efficient bone contact (removal of superficial layers of the cartilage on the endplates).
- Adequate cleaning of the endplates is important to enable the provision of a blood supply to the implant. However, excessive cleaning may weaken the vertebral endplate and result in subsidence of the implant.

## Implant Dimension Choice

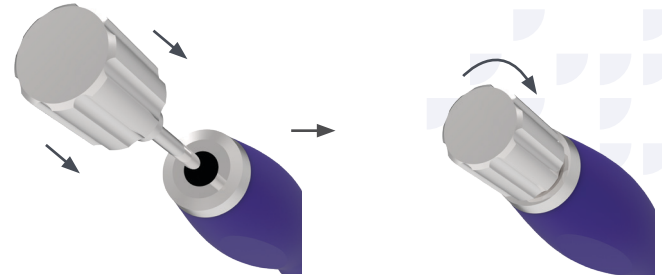
- To select the appropriate cage size, Trials should be used. Proceed progressively from smaller to bigger sizes to prepare the disc space for the implant. The anatomic patient structure needs to be verified and respected to select the most suitable one. The Trial must fit firmly with a tight press-fit between the endplates.
- As shown in the instrument overview, there is a wide variety of Trials available. Also Trials with a built-in Rasp are available. Keep the same trajectory and angulation as intended for implant insertion.
- When trialing is performed, a lateral x-ray is strongly recommended in order to have a clear idea about the implant's height and length. Please note that the Trials are designed "flat" (0° of lordosis). In case larger lordosis restoration is intended, select an implant with either 5°, 8°, or 14° angulation. Pre-operative radiological imaging is strongly recommended to decide on the lordosis angulation of the implant.



Implant packaging and release process



Implant connection to the assembled implant holder



Implant holder shaft assembled into the implant holder

#### Components:



## Implant Packaging

- The implant is supplied in a double rigid blister pack with a special internal holder.
- The circulating nurse opens the outer (non-sterile) blister of the implant and hands the implant to the sterile OR nurse or scrub technician. The sterile OR nurse removes the inner (sterile) blister, opens it, takes out the holder and presses as indicated to release the implant. Always ensure that the sterility of the implant, which is located in the inner blister, is maintained.

## Implant Preparation

- When surgeons deem necessary to add an additional bone growth accelerator, a Universal Filling System effectively supports the bone substitute filling procedure, either at pre-implantation or post-implantation stage of the surgical procedure.
- Assemble the Implant Holder Shaft into the Implant Holder.
- Connect the implant to the assembled implant holder by turning the knob clockwise on the silicone handle till a solid fixed position has been reached in order to avoid any problems during final implant positioning.
- The Implant socket is symmetrical and fits either orientation of the Implant Holder. A black arrow on the implant holder indicates the longitudinal axis. Make sure that the black arrow on the Implant Holder aligns with the long axis of the Implant.

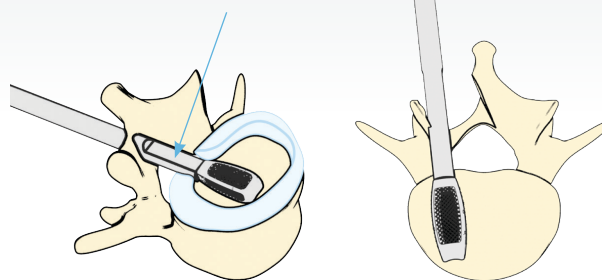
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### Example

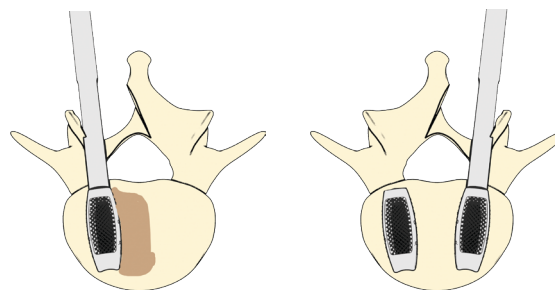
Cage Length: 24 mm  
Cage Height: 7 mm  
Cage Lordosis Angle: 0°  
(to be chosen after evaluating radiological imaging)



Flattened face oriented Cranio-Caudal



First cage implantation



Final position reached and second cage implantation

## Implant Reference Code

- The correct implant size only corresponds to the height of the Trial, because the Trial only has one footprint (length x width: 24 x 10 mm) and no lordosis angle (0°).
- The footprint and lordosis angle are determined after evaluating the (pre-OP) fluoroscopic imaging.

## Cage Implantation

- If necessary, increase the distraction of the vertebral segment to facilitate implant insertion. Insert the cage using the Hammer. Lateral fluoroscopic imaging is strongly recommended during the implantation procedure. After final positioning has been reached, detach the Implant Holder by turning the knob counterclockwise. Remove the Implant Holder and check the implant positioning via both AP and lateral fluoroscopic imaging.
- Prior to placement of the second implant, autologous bone or a bone substitute can be inserted into the intervertebral disc space.
- Repeat the insertion for the second cage on the contralateral side.

**Note:** Flattened faces at the tip are to be oriented Cranio-Caudal for proper implant positioning.



### Footprint 24 x 10 mm

Description (L x D x H)	Part Number	QTY
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 7 mm, 5°	TIP2410-0705	2
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 8 mm, 5°	TIP2410-0805	2
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 9 mm, 5°	TIP2410-0905	4
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 10 mm, 5°	TIP2410-1005	4
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 11 mm, 5°	TIP2410-1105	4
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 12 mm, 5°	TIP2410-1205	4
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 13 mm, 5°	TIP2410-1305	2
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 14 mm, 5°	TIP2410-1405	2

### Footprint 24 x 10 mm

Description (L x D x H)	Part Number	QTY
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 7 mm, 8°	TIP2410-0708	2
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 8 mm, 8°	TIP2410-0808	2
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 9 mm, 8°	TIP2410-0908	4
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 10 mm, 8°	TIP2410-1008	4
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 11 mm, 8°	TIP2410-1108	4
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 12 mm, 8°	TIP2410-1208	4
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 13 mm, 8°	TIP2410-1308	2
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 14 mm, 8°	TIP2410-1408	2

### Footprint 24 x 10 mm

Description (L x D x H)	Part Number	QTY
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 10 mm, 14°	TIP2410-1014	0*
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 11 mm, 14°	TIP2410-1114	0*
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 12 mm, 14°	TIP2410-1214	0*
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 13 mm, 14°	TIP2410-1314	0*
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 14 mm, 14°	TIP2410-1414	0*
Avenue-P Ti 24 x 10 x 15 mm, 14°	TIP2410-1514	0*

\*Optional. Available by special order

### Footprint 29 x 10 mm

Description (L x D x H)	Part Number	QTY
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 7 mm, 0°	TIP2910-0700	2
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 8 mm, 0°	TIP2910-0800	2
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 9 mm, 0°	TIP2910-0900	2
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 10 mm, 0°	TIP2910-1000	3
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 11 mm, 0°	TIP2910-1100	3
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 12 mm, 0°	TIP2910-1200	3
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 13 mm, 0°	TIP2910-1300	2
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 14 mm, 0°	TIP2910-1400	1

### Footprint 29 x 10 mm

Description (L x D x H)	Part Number	QTY
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 7 mm, 5°	TIP2910-0705	1
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 8 mm, 5°	TIP2910-0805	1
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 9 mm, 5°	TIP2910-0905	2
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 10 mm, 5°	TIP2910-1005	2
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 11 mm, 5°	TIP2910-1105	2
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 12 mm, 5°	TIP2910-1205	2
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 13 mm, 5°	TIP2910-1305	2
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 14 mm, 5°	TIP2910-1405	1

### Footprint 29 x 10 mm

Description (L x D x H)	Part Number	QTY
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 7 mm, 8°	TIP2910-0708	0*
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 8 mm, 8°	TIP2910-0808	0*
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 9 mm, 8°	TIP2910-0908	0*
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 10 mm, 8°	TIP2910-1008	0*
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 11 mm, 8°	TIP2910-1108	0*
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 12 mm, 8°	TIP2910-1208	0*
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 13 mm, 8°	TIP2910-1308	0*
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 14 mm, 8°	TIP2910-1408	0*

### Footprint 29 x 10 mm

Description (L x D x H)	Part Number	QTY
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 12 mm, 14°	TIP2910-1214	0*
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 13 mm, 14°	TIP2910-1314	0*
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 14 mm, 14°	TIP2910-1414	0*
Avenue-P Ti 29 x 10 x 15 mm, 14°	TIP2910-1514	0*

\*Optional. Available by special order

## Instrument Overview



<b>Implant Holder (Assembly)</b>	<b>PART NUMBER</b>
Implant Holder with soft silicone handle	BOK-LC-50S
Implant Holder Shaft	BOK-LC-51S



<b>Fast Connection T Handle</b>	<b>PART NUMBER</b>
	BOK-LC-52



<b>Fast Connection Straight Handle</b>	<b>PART NUMBER</b>
	BOK-LC-55



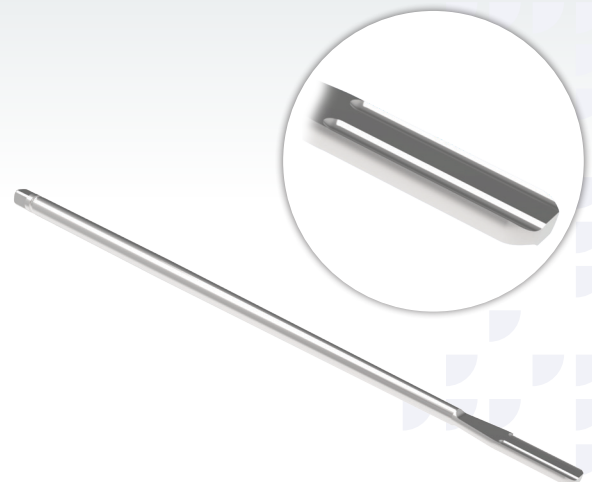
<b>Hammer</b>	<b>PART NUMBER</b>
	TH002



**One Side Squared Curette**

PART NUMBER

BOK-LC-70



**Shavers**

PART NUMBER

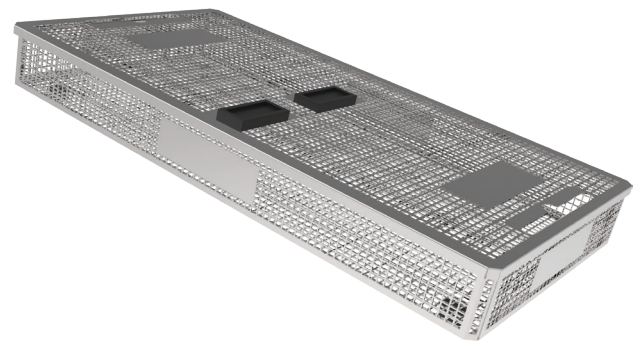
7 mm	BOK-LC-250-07
8 mm	BOK-LC-250-08
9 mm	BOK-LC-250-09
10 mm	BOK-LC-250-10
11 mm	BOK-LC-250-11
12 mm	BOK-LC-250-12
13 mm	BOK-LC-250-13



**Implant Trial**

PART NUMBER

24 x 7 mm	BOK-LC-280-07
24 x 8 mm	BOK-LC-280-08
24 x 9 mm	BOK-LC-280-09
24 x 10 mm	BOK-LC-280-10
24 x 11 mm	BOK-LC-280-11
24 x 12 mm	BOK-LC-280-12
24 x 13 mm	BOK-LC-280-13
29 x 07 mm	BOK-LC-280-2907
29 x 08 mm	BOK-LC-280-2908
29 x 09 mm	BOK-LC-280-2909
29 x 10 mm	BOK-LC-280-2910
29 x 11 mm	BOK-LC-280-2911
29 x 12 mm	BOK-LC-280-2912
29 x 13 mm	BOK-LC-280-2913



**Tray Avenue®-P Tx**

PART NUMBER

K3725-TXP

## Instructions for Use

### IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THE LUMBAR TITANIUM INTERBODY FUSION CAGE SYSTEM

The Lumbar Titanium Interbody Fusion Cage is intended to recreate and maintain distance between vertebrae to support biologic fusion in the thoracic, lumbar or lumbar-sacral spine zone. As complementary device, it should NOT be used as stand-alone. The device must always be within the limits of the vertebral cortices. If this indication is not followed, the device can be crushed because it protrudes from the spinal column and may not withstand the forces involved in such conditions.

### DESCRIPTION

The Lumbar Titanium Interbody Fusion Cage consists of cages in variable sizes and shapes. The dimensions of implants are designed based on anatomical conditions and decisions hereto are made by physicians.

Lumbar Titanium Interbody Fusion Cage components should be used in combination with other spinal systems or other fixation systems in order to obtain stabilization.

All components of Lumbar Titanium Interbody Fusion Cage cannot be re-used under any circumstances.

Lumbar Titanium Interbody Fusion Cage is designed to be applied for posterior, posterio-or-lateral, anterior and lateral approach.

In particular, this instruction for use is applicable for codes:

ACT Cage for transforaminal arthrodesis "TLIF"

ACA "ALIF" anterior arthrodesis cage

ACP Cage for posterior arthrodesis "PLIF"

ACX Cage for lateral arthrodesis "XLIF"

ACL Cage for posterolateral oblique arthrodesis "OLIF"

ACO Anterior Cage for Lumbar Arthrodesis

ACTH Expandable lumbar cage

ACXH Expandable extra-lateral cage and variable lordosis for lumbar arthrodesis

ACPH Variable lordosis expandable cage for posterolateral arthrodesis

MM Expandable anterior cage for lumbar arthrodesis

CT Expandable anterolateral cage for lumbar arthrodesis

MMJ Self-locking expandable anterior cage for lumbar arthrodesis

ACXJ Self-locking extra-lateral cage for lumbar arthrodesis

ACAJ Self-locking anterior cage for lumbar arthrodesis

ACOJ Self-locking anterior cage for lumbar arthrodesis

ACTZ Lumbar Cage

### MATERIALS

The entire system is made of medical grade titanium described by ISO 5832-3 or 10993-5 or ASTM F2026 or ASTM F136 standards. All devices are manufactured from one of the foregoing material specifications.

### INDICATIONS

Lumbar Titanium Interbody Fusion Cage is intended for lumbar interbody fixation for the following indications:

- Degenerative disc disease.
- Spondylolisthesis.
- Spinal stenosis.
- Trauma.
- Tumour.
- Pseudo-arthrosis.
- Instability of motion segments.

### CONTRAINDICATIONS

Contraindications include, but are not limited to:

- Risk of infection or infection in progress, or fever or inflammation.
- Obesity.
- Pregnancy.
- Mental illness.
- Allergy on any system components.
- Any anatomical, medical or surgical conditions which may preclude potential or intentional benefits of spinal implants application.
- Bone, joints or ligaments conditions such but not limited as: osteopenia, bone absorption, osteomalacia. Osteoporosis is relative contraindications a must be carefully evaluated prior surgery.

- Implants size, shape or anchorage functionality might be not enough to achieve expected clinical results.
- Combination with implants from other manufacturers.
- Potential risk of unexpected patient's anatomy destruction, interference with neurological, functional or other deficits.
- Any risk of patient's unwillingness to follow postoperative instructions.
- Any other not described in indications.

**Caution:** *in case of reuse there is a danger of cross contamination ; any reuse is therefore not permitted.*

### POTENTIAL ADVERSE EVENTS

Possible adverse events which might occur after spinal surgery with or without instrumentation including, but are not limited to:

- Disassembly, bending, and/or breakage of any or all of the system's components.
- Migration of any of the system's components.
- Pressure on the skin from component parts in patients with inadequate tissue coverage.
- Tissue or nerve damage caused by improper positioning and placement of implants or improper use of instruments.
- Dura leakage, distortion or damage.
- Neurologic dysfunctions and/or physiological dysfunctions like paresthesia, radiculopathy, paralysis, hypertension, or any others related to surgery in general associated to anesthesia.
- Infections.
- Loss of urinary functions.
- Permanent or temporary or developing sexual dysfunctions.
- Postoperative change of body curvature, change of physiological range of movement.
- Pseudo-arthrosis or non-fusion or delayed fusion.
- Bone loss or overgrowth, or any other bone malformations.
- Permanent or temporary limitation or inability to perform daily activities.
- Change in mental behavior.
- Permanent or temporary or developing respiratory problems.
- Permanent or temporary or developing cardiovascular deteriorations or dysfunctions.
- Death.

In some cases, additional surgery or surgeries might be necessary to correct or change potential adverse events.

### WARNINGS

The effectiveness and safety of interbody fixation is only applicable for certain conditions with which require the fusion supported by medical device. The device might be supportive for such mechanical instability like deformity, fracture, listhesis, dislocation, tumour, pseudo-arthrosis. The effectiveness and safety for any other conditions are unknown.

### PRECAUTIONS

The Lumbar Titanium Interbody Fusion Cage are complementary implants to posterior fixation systems. The applications of pedicle screw and/or interbody cages should be performed by experienced surgeons with specific training in use of Lumbar Titanium Interbody Fusion Cage. The spinal screw fixation system and/or interbody cage system should not be considered as sole spinal support. No implants can withstand body loads without bone support. Therefore bends, breakages, loosening, disassembling may occur over the time. A successful result is not always achievable. The factors as proper preoperative and operative procedure, comprehensive knowledge of surgical techniques, proper selection of implant's size and type are considerably important in treatment process. Patients with obesity, smokers and alcoholics are at risk for non-fusion. Also, patients with weak muscle or bone conditions and/or nervous system dysfunctions are poor candidates for spinal fusion. Prior or during or after the surgery, in order to evaluate or check the positioning of the implants or patient's anatomy or any other patient or implant correction, X-ray or CT or any other diagnostic examinations may be necessary. The proper, patient's individual implant selection in terms of type, size, shape or design is vital to successful surgery performance.

Proper implants and instruments' handling is crucial. Extensive bending or contouring should be avoided. Sharp cutting edges, reversed bending, scratching or notching may generate internal stress, which may weak the implants or construct.

**IMPORTANT:** All necessary information about surgery, potential risks, benefits and adverse effects should be conveyed to the patient prior to surgery.

#### PRE-OPERATIVE

- Patients that meet the criteria described in the indications should only be selected.
- Patients' conditions should be checked prior to surgery; any required diagnostics should be per-formed.
- The efficient and adequate implants and instruments inventory must be secured and be available during the surgery.
- All implants, instruments and any other components should be cleaned and sterilized before use. Any implants, instruments or components delivered in sterile packaging must be checked on sterility and expiration date of sterility prior surgery.
- Implants and instruments should be stored in certain conditions to warrant the sterility and protec-tion from any contamination or corrosive environment.
- It's highly recommended that all personnel interacting with any mechanical components of the spinal system should be familiar with all components before use.

#### INTRA-OPERATIVE

- Extreme caution should be taken when working close to or around the spinal cord and nerve roots.
- Whenever possible or required, intra-operative diagnostic systems should be used to facilitate surgery.
- Breakage, bends, scratch, slippage, part loosening or improper use of any implant or instrument during the surgery may cause injury to OR personal or patient.
- It's very important to follow the surgical technique carefully. Proper application of any instrument or implant may facilitate surgery.

- Before closing of soft tissue, double check of all implants' positioning, geometrical relations, and fixing, tightening or mounting maneuvers for all screws, nuts or other fixing parts have been performed. Image diagnostics is highly recommended at this stage.

#### POST-OPERATIVE

The physician's post-operative directions and warnings to the patient, and the corresponding patient's compliance, are extremely important.

- Detailed instructions about the use and limitations of the device should be communicated with the patient
- The patient should be warned to avoid falls or sudden jolts in spinal position.
- The patient should be warned for this possibility and instructed to limit and restrict physical activities, especially lifting and twisting movements and any type of sports participation. The patient should be advised not to smoke, or to consume alcohol or non-steroids or use anti-inflammatory medications such as aspirin during the bone graft healing.
- As a precaution, before patients with implants receive any subsequent surgery (such as surgical dental procedures), prophylactic antibiotics may be considered, especially for high-risk patients.
- Any retrieved implants should be treated in such a manner that reuse in another surgical procedure is not possible. As with all orthopaedic implants, the LUMBAR TITANIUM INTERBODY FUSION CAGE components should never be reused under any circumstances.

#### PACKAGING

Lumbar Titanium Interbody Fusion Cage is sterile packaged; in order to control the correct sterilization, make sure that the package arrives properly closed. Do not use if the blister is open or damaged.

#### STORAGE

The components of the Lumbar Titanium Interbody Fusion Cage must be handled with care to prevent damage. Store in designated trays and in areas which provide protection from dust, insects, chemical vapours and extreme changes in temperature and humidity. Sterile parts must be stored in original packages as a precaution for prevented to any damages.



For more information, visit [ZimVie.com](https://www.zimvie.com)



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